derwrite \$5,000,000 for New Apartments.

discussed and virtually decided upon last night by a group of public spirited men at an informal dinner in the Metropolitan Club, Fifth avenue and Sixtleth street. The plan is the result of cooperation by the Governor's Reconstruction Commission, the advisory board of the commission's ernor's Reconstruction Commission, the advisory board of the commission's housing committee and a group of cap-italists, merchants, bankers, real estate

men and others who have agreed to finance the building operations. The project calls for the expendi-ture of \$5,000,000, and with this guaranteed by individuals, and with this amount it is proposed to erect a new type of buildings, which will house ap-proximately 18,000 to 20,000 people. The apartments—four rooms—will rest from

It is believed by the backers of the plan that the proposed buildings will re-duce the city's shortage of apartments

6 Per Cent. Return Assured. Although the building materials to be used will cost 50 per cent. in excess of pre-war prices, it has been figured out that those who are putting up their money will receive a return of 6 per

cent. or more on their investment The plans as outlined last night provide for a housing and holding corpora-tion with a capitalization of approximately \$5,000,000. The big lending cor-porations, such as the insurance com-panies which, in the past have advanced are the war.

The defendant is apparently a business woman of pludgment and no backward step, as far as the resent tenement house law is contract.

Abram I. Elkus, chairman of the Paint for the gold of the plant is apparently also is a business woman of pudgment and experience.

The defendant is apparently a business woman of in mean ability. She has the personal attendance and counsel at all times of an attorney, a business manager and her mother who, apparently also is a business woman of judgment and experience.

The defendant not only receives is motion pictures in some introductory page. arge sums on first mortgage bonds, are to furnish 60 per cent. of the funds necessary, based upon the present cost

ability to carry on business. He said he was sure the opening up of the building industry is going to complete the eco-nomic circulation by providing not only homes but also the bringing about of a readjustment of the employment situa-

Several hours before the programme to "build now" with the aid of private capital was announced at the Metropolian Club the joint legislative committee for the relief of the housing situation.

About all the investigators were able to learn from his Honor was that he has appointed a committee on rent profiteer-ing to look into the question and that while he has talked over various phases of the inquiry with Nathan Hirsch, the chairman, and others, the committee hasn't reported to him yet on a plan it has for the solution of the problem. However, the Mayor informed the committee that he undertook the mittee that he undertook to settle the harbor strike so that it would be possible to get building materials into the city in order that there could be building. He also thought the housing problem was a also thought the housing problem was a problem of supply and demand. Every-

Mrs. Henry Moskowits, secretary of the Governor's Reconstruction Commis-sion, attended the first public session of the joint legislative committee to invite Mr. Hirsch of the Mayor's committee and State Senator Lockwood, chairman of the State investigating committee, to be present at last evening's dinner in the Metropolitan Club. Both gentiemen de-

The conference at the Metropolitan Club was called by Gov. Smith at the suggestion of his Reconstruction Commision and he came down from Albany to welcome the group of men who were putting their shoulder to the building wheel to start it whirling.

Chairman Elkus Presides.

Chairman Elkus presided and speeches were made by the Governor, Mr. Elkus and Alfred E. Marling, president of the New York Chamber of Commerce, who a member of the commission's

ing committee Others at the conference included:
John G. Agar, George Blumenthal, Peter
J. Brady, R. Fulton Cutting, Robert W.
de Forcest, Samuel C. Fairley, Hugh
Frayne, Arthur Curtiss James, Aifred J.
Johnson, Clarence Kelsey, Walter Lindner, Adolph Lewisholm, William Fellowes Morgan, Mrs. V. Everit Macy,
C. W. Nichols, William M. K. Olcott,
Henry S. Pritchett, George W. Perkins,
Jacob H. Schiff, William J. Shea, Willlam Salomon, Eugene V. R. Thayer,
George F. Vincent and Felix M. Warburg. Others at the conference included

Ekus said:
"Next winter the scarcity of houses in

"It is apparent that to meet the present emergency we must not only build more houses, but we must build better houses. The war time experience of the Government made it apparent that workmen go where they are able to find sufficient decent houses which they can afford. New York next winter is likely to experience an increased turnover of

afford New York next winter is likely to experience an increased turnover of labor just as did the munition and ship-building towns a year ago. But more than that, no one can tell to what extent the growing discontent among tensants may lead to riots or worse.

"There is but one solution to the present emergency. It is to build more houses, and build them at once.

"Since the stoppage of buildings by reason of the war the city has spent several hundred million dollars on rapid transit lines which have been put into operation and have made available in the boroughs outside of Manhattan a large amount of cheap land, where people can live and go to and from their

WILL FINANCE
BUILDINGS TO
HOUSE 20,000
HOUSE 20,000
Group of New Yorkers Underwrite \$5,000,000 for

BUILDINGS TO
HOUSE \$5,000,000 for

Large Units Vital.

FOUR ROOMS FOR \$32

Cheap Land Expected to Offset
High Material Costs—6
Per Cent. Return.

A programme for the immediate construction of, apartment houses which we propose gives greatly increased light and air to every room, gives sufficient and safe outdoor play spaces for the children, and, at the same cost to the tenant, gives the owner with less of his land space occupied a better return on his money.

"The economy of these operations can only be demonstrated in large operations, such as block square units. Small unit building will not relieve the present shortage, or be as economical or as sure in return as the larger scale. The maximum social benefit also is only to be secured from the large unit.

"With a fund of \$5,000,000 we can house approximately 18,000 to 20,000

MARY PICKFORD WINS TRIBUTE AND APPEAL Judgment for \$108,000 Agent Is Set Aside.

Tribute was paid by Justice Merrell displayed in various ways by Gladys Masy Moore, better known as Mary Pickford, the motion picture actress, in a decision setting aside a judgment against the film star which was obtained in Supreme Court by Mrs. Cora C. Wilkening, a literary and booking agent. Miss Pickford will have another chance before a new jury to save the \$108,000 awarded the plaintiff by the jury which in November heard the first

The testimony at the trial was to the effect that the actress had engaged Mrs. Wilkening to write the story of her life and place articles dealing with her in various magazines, and also to make for her advantageous contracts. A percentage of Miss Pickford's earn-

construction Commission, pointed out in his introductory address at the dinner that somebody, not the State, has to other ways has manifested a marked start things going in the reestablishment of the confidence of the people in their late money. It taxes one's credulity to degree of thrift and ability to accumu-late money. It taxes one's credulity to believe that the defendant, in circumstances as she was, would enter into a verbal contract with a comparative stranger."

> ENGINEER, ILL, DISAPPEARS. Vanishes While Recuperating a Farm at Garrison.

met in the Mayor's public reception room in the City Hall and tried to find out search for Horace P. Huntting, 32, a what suggestions Mayor Hylan had in civil engineer, who had been doing Goving the line of legislation that might work ernment work in Washington for the last of the onicers of the board that quantity the onicers of the board that quantity the onicers of the board that the characteristic to reduce a such accounts to that basis in the near future.

"If you can advise me that the Chithree years and several weeks ago was taken to a physical culture training farm at Garrison, N. Y., suffering from ner-yous breakdown.

vous breakdown.

He disappeared from the institution
May 8. The request that the search be
made was filed by former Police Inspector Cornelius Farrell. Patrick Huntting. father of the missing man, lives at East Hampton, L. I.

GOVERNOR SIGNS TWO BILLS. One Measure Amends Workmen's

Compensation Law. ALEANY, May 16.—The Foley bill to amend the workmen's compensation law by prohibiting direct settlements except after approval by the Industrial Com-mission was signed by Gov. Smith today. The Governor also signed the Hewitt bill appropriating \$25,000 for the employment of prisoners in the construction of State and county highways.

To Tax Commercial Travellers. KINGSTON, JAMAICA, May 16 .- The Legislative Council yesterday passed a bill imposing a tax of \$50 on commercial travellers doing business in Jamaica.



If it's a problem of shirt satisfaction that perplexes you, visit any of our 23 shops, today, and let us solve it for

Our solution consists of first, the shirt you want, and then In starting the discussion Chairman a guarantee of your money's worth or your money back.

New York city will be so great and fents will be so high, unless houses are built this season, that labor will be turned away from this city and New York's business, industry and prestige will suffer.

Here will suffer. fully smart at

Headquarters for Olus Union Suits



Barnes Prepares to Act Upon President's Order to Assure

Contracts to Be Amended and Capital of Corporation to Be \$500,000,000.

President Wilson, by executive orde dated May 14, has directed Wheat Director Julius Barnes to exercise the authority given in the recent Act of Congress to license the wheat handling trades, making proper regulations to assure the guaranty price being made effective, and to carry out other purposes of the act. This information was contained in a cable from Food Administrator Herbert C. Hoover received yesterday by Mr. Barnes at the office of the Food Administration Grain Cor-

oration, 42 Broadway.

The executive order also directed the The executive order also directed the Food Administration Grain Corporation to alter its name to the United States Grain Corporation, after July 1, 1919, and to increase its capital stock from \$1150,000,000 to \$500,000,000. All stock of the corporation will be held by the President of the United States.

Mr. Barnes, after conferences with representatives of the grain trades to formulate contracts between the Grain Corporation and the handling facilities of the country, announced that early in

of the country, announced that early in June there will be called a general con-ference of delegates from the mills, grain dealers, jobbers, bakers and grow-ers associations in New York to discuss the plan of operation.

crop begins to move in about six weeks. There will be no lower price then, Mr. Barnes added, unless a new resale price is made by the Government.

In six weeks flour prices are expected to decline and it is hoped that no ad-vance in bread prices will be necessary between now and then on account of higher prices ruling for the limited amount of old flour still in this country. The bakers have promised to maintain the present bread prices as far as pos-sible in spite of increased expenses for labor and material, Mr. Barnes said, in expectation that the new crop of wheat will reduce flour prices in the

Speculators to Be Curbed.

Mr. Barnes wrote yesterday to L. F. Gates, president of the Chicago Board of Trade, suggesting as a further guarantee against the abuse of trading facilities of exchanges and as a more effective control by the officers of grain exchanges that the Board of Trade reinstate the rule limiting the amount of open trades in corn for any one interest or individual to 200,000 bushels. In the case of accounts now open beyond that quantity the officers of the board

cago Board of Trade will do this," Mr. Barnes wrote, "I feel justified in cabling Mr. Hoover that a study of the present onditions would indicate further regu the exchanges should perform their unoubted public service with no mor-

## Bolshevism Backyards

Bolshevism started in Russia, where the common people were without homes of their own.

It can't thrive where children have their own backyards.

And where the head of the family holds the title to the home.

When the Russians own their own homes Lenine will be out of a job.

Own Your Own Home

Read the Advertisements BROOKLYN DAILY EAGLE The Home Paper of the Home Borough



# RESTORE MILITIA. URGES GUARD HERE EFFECTIVE IN JULY Association Also Calls for Universal Service.

The National Guard Association of the State of New York was organized yesterday at a meeting of 490 officers of the State Guard in the Seventyfirst Regiment Armory to work for the restoration of the old National money lenders are apparently all waiting for something and a deadlock exuniversal service. The chief safeguard which the association hopes to bring about in case of another summons to Federal service is that the units would

retain their own officers. Major-Gen. John F. O'Ryan, address ing the meeting in the afternoon, declared in favor of compulsory military training for young men upon attaining the age of 19 years, and suggested that after a brief training they should be compelled to serve in the State Guard for a period of from two to three years. Col. R. H. Gillette of Troy was elected president. Maior-Gen. James Ribb. of president, Major-Gen. James Ribb of Brooklyn and Col. J. Hollis Wells vice-presidents, Col. William J. Costigas of the Sixty-ninth infantsy, treasurer; and Col. T. W. Therkildsen of the First Provisional Regiment, Poughkeepsie, secretary.

Major. Gen., Thomas H. Barry took a prominent part in the discussions at the morning session. Resolutions adopted called for immediate reorganization of the National Guard under the National the National Guard under the National Befence act.

The body expressed the appreciation

of the State Guard for the work done overseas by the veteran National Guard units. The recommendation was made that commissions for all officers and en-listed men who were recommended for such promotions prior to November 11, 1918, should be issued. Congress was also asked to permit the issuance of sur-plus stores, horses and munitions to the National Guard.

ELKUS HEADS CHARITY BODY. N. Y. Conference Ends With Elec-

### U. S. SEEKS \$67,810 TAX FROM CABLE CO.

leading" Statements on Income Since 1909.

The Commercial Cable Company, one of the associated Mackay companies and an important link of the Postal Telegraph Cable Company's system, was made the defendant yesterday, in a suit brought by the United States Government to recover alleged arrears of income taxes from 1909 to date. Notice of the suit was served upon the company in February, but the complaint submit supplemental briefs, and therewas not filed in the Federal District after Justice Whitaker will take the ap-

was not filed in the Federal District Court until yesterday.

The complaint alleges that the company has made "incorrect, misleading anad false" statements in respect to its taxable income during the period mentioned, and recovery is asked not only for the amount of the taxes alleged to be due, but also for interest and an additional 5 per cent, penalty as a delinquent. The total involved is \$67,810. In the formal complaint the Government sets forth that payment of the amount has been demanded of the company and refused.

Francis G. Caffey, United States District Attorney, said yesterday that the

trict Attorney, said yesterday that the institution of the suit by the Govern-ment was the result of the failure of the company to pay the taxes alleged to be due under the corporation income tax law, but which the Commercial Cable Company disputes. Mr. Caffey cable Company disputes. Mr. Carrey said there was nothing unusual in the procedure and waved aside a suggestion that the suit was the Government's answer to repeated criticisms of its administration of the cable and telegraph wires by the officials of the Mackay companies.

The sums alleged to be due for each year as tabulated in the complaint are:

One session next year will be held in the Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, Pleasantville, N. Y.

as to what depreciation should be allowed on submarine cables, because that never has yet been determined Judicially."

Special 5 MAPS

# **BIG LEGAL GUNS' DIN**

Suit Just Filed Alleges "Mis- Judges Parker and Seabury Argue for Removal of Executor of Will.

> Argument in the proceeding brought by Frank Gould and the Duchess de Talleyrand to remove their brother George J. Gould, as an executor and trustee under their father's will, ended yesterday after having preserved its momentum unimpaired through four court afternoons, Counsel nave until June 1

plication under consideration Although several of the twenty-four counsel in the proceeding who have hith-erto remained silent had their moment of self explanation yesterday it was Judge Seabury, representing Frank Gould, who in the main bent the supple bow of oratory and Alton B. Parker who had next to the last word to say. Judge Parker has been present at all of the sessions since Tuesday, but was unheard until yesterday, when it became clear whom he was representing. A few min-utes before adjournment he addressed the court and said:

"May it please the court, I represent Edwin Gould. The position he takes is that he considers it only just that George Gould be permitted to continue as trustee and executor until there has been a decree judicially settling his accounts."

The last word of all was uttered by one of the firm of lawyers representing all the trustees, who read a cablegram from Howard Gould expressing the same sentiments as had been presented for Edwin.

anies.

e sums alleged to be due for each
as tabulated in the complaint are:

\$1,362 1914.

\$1,367 1915.

\$1,367 1915.

\$1,367 1915.

\$1,265 against George, stating that the arguments which had been adduced for him by John B. Stanchfield and William Wallace. Jr., were incompleted. Contracts to Be Revised.

At this conference the Grain Corporation will listen to auggestions for any modifications proposed in the contracts and by July 1, it is anticipated that the new licenses and new contracts will be in general use. The new contracts will be in general use. The new contracts throughout the United States wheat in the berry shall sell always at \$2.26 or its proper relation, so that the producer everywhere will get the full Government price.

No reduction in the price of bread to the consumer is to be expected immediately. Mr. Barnes said, as there is no change in the situation as to the old crop of wheat and flour and the prices ruling thereon do not make such an expectation reasonable until the new crop begins to move in about six weeks. There will be no lower price then, Mr.

Rarnes added unless a new reasile price calles and flour sand the content of the price of the content of the co

will receive weight in a court of law?"

Mr. Stanchfield was not heard in extenso yesterday, and permitted himself

GOULD CASE ENDS IN It was when Judge Seabury said that among other matters which the court should consider was that George Gould had paid his lawyers \$92,000 in fees.
"May I say," said Mr. Stanchfield,
"that this is the first time in a somewhat extended experience that I have heard the payment of a fee to a lawyer pressed as a proof of mismanagement by a

> POLICE GOT \$75,000,000 FOR VICTORY LOAN

Rodman Wanamaker First on List With \$5,500,000.

Frederick A. Wallis, Deputy Police Commissioner, reported yesterday that the police under his supervision collected subscriptions amounting to more than \$75,000,000 during the Victory Loan drive. The largest individual subscriber was Rodman Wanamaker, who bought \$5,500,000 worth of the issue.

The Traffic Squad reported a total of \$12,000,000 in one day. The Oak street precinct, in command of Capt. Charles Zares, with seventy-eight men, colprecinct, in command of capt. Charles Zapes, with seventy-eight men, collected \$10,000,000, and the police reserves added \$20,000,000 more.

The remainder was credited to the force in general and great satisfaction. ssed by Commiss for the showing made by the depart

\$6,250 Theft Reported.

The theft of \$250 in cash and \$6,000 in Liberty bonds from the office of Ander-son & Prigge, bookbinders, of 277 Canal street, barely two blocks from Police Headquarters, was reported yesterday The entry was made some time early yesterday morning through a scuttle and



WONDER-MIST



Feature

### SHOWING AT A GLANCE THE GREAT CHANGES MADE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD BY THE PEACE TERMS

One map presents the new Europe, giving not only the frontiers laid down in the peace terms but also showing by dotted lines the probable or possible boundary lines to be determined upon, thus affording an approximate idea of the future European frontiers.

Another map contrasts in a striking way the great Germany of 1914 with its shrunken self of to-day, telling more plainly than words of the downfall of the arrogant Empire of the Hohen-

A third map shows the disposition of the German colonies in Africa; a fourth map the distribution of the German Islands in the Pacific. The fifth map shows the Chinese city of Kiaochau which is awarded to Japan, and its geo-

graphical relations to Peking, Korea, and the Japanese archipelago. These five maps, which are included in THE LITERARY DIGEST for May 17, will make

clear to the reader in five minutes what the war has accomplished in five years. Other striking features in this week's "Digest" are:

# The Peace Terms That Take All the Fight Out of Germany

A Summary of the Greatest Treaty of Peace in History With Comment Upon It From the German, British, French and American Press

Japan's Victory at Paris Hungary's Third Stage of Decline German Bluster About Peace Terms A Flivver on Rails The Doctor's Troubles Paderewski-A Pianist Turned Statesman Can Acting Dolls Displace Actors? Pogroms Expected in Russia and Poland

Taxing Our "Luxuries" Why Belgium Balked at the Treaty The Machine That Foiled the German Mines Sensational Discoveries by Crookes. the Great Scientist

Finding Fault With Stage Soldiers Turkish Efficiency in Starving Armenia Americanism at Its Source Personal Glimpses of Men and Events

Interesting Half-tone Illustrations, and Humorous Cartoons

# "Undiluted Americanism" the Message of THE DIGEST

down again into the pleasant paths of peace. And, so doing, it behooves us to take to heart the vital lessons this supreme world-tragedy has taught us. Among the most important of these is the necessity of solidarity, of community of aims and ideals, of absolute unanimity. The war has proved over and over again the inherent weakness of the house that is divided against itself. We, in this country, must see to it that one language,

The final echoes of the guns of the great war are now the perilous shoals of political unrest, anarchy. Boldving away into silence and the peoples are settling shevism, and the like. As a teacher of Americanism, which includes and typifies all that is best in national life and aspiration, THE LITERARY DIGEST stands pre-eminent among the periodicals of the day. It epitomizes all that the fathers of this republic sought to make permanent on our shores. It brings to your home and to your heart the message of an all-embracing humanity, of an abundant charity, of equal fellowship and impartial consideration. Get a copy now, read it one purpose, one high conception of life animates our teeming millions from sea to sea. Only by so doing can we hope to steer our ship of state safely through through and pass it along to your family and friends. You will be a better man and a better citizen if you make this a weekly habit.

May 17th Number on Sale To-day-All News-dealers-10 Cents



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Real Quality

Like warriors grown gray in harness, and white-haired employees still on the job, a scuffed and scarred set of Silvertown Cords on an ancient car somehow best tells the story of the matchless service of these patrician tires.

The graceful, wellgroomed elegance, with which they when new adorn, smart cars, may be shabby; their tough tread worn smooth; but their distinction remains.

Once a Silvertown always a Silvertown. You know them, old or new, for aristocrats.

In their age, you read the history of their wonderful endurance; their useful career of miles and miles of road roughing.

You always get the long mileage of a ripe old age to round out the youthful beauty of the tires with the Twin Red Diamonds on the sidewall.

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